Latvian Tax System Overview 2025

Latvian tax system ranked **#2** in International Tax competitiveness index in 2024 (ITCI, 2024)



Corporate Income Tax (CIT)



on retained earnings (tax applies only upon profit distribution)



on gross distributed profits (i.e. the 20% rate is applied on a grossed-up base, calculated as the net amount divided by 0.8)



withholding tax on dividend payments to non-resident parent company.

Thin capitalisation rules:

- annual financing costs over EUR 3,000,000 and EBITDA 30%, or
- debt-equity ratio 4:1

Recognized as the best CIT system in the world*

*corporate tax rate index (ITCI, 2024



Value Added Tax (VAT)

Standard rate: 21% Reduced rates: 12% / 5% (for specific sectors)



Personal Income Tax (PIT)

Progressive rates:

25.5%

on annual income **below EUR 105,300**

33%

on annual income over EUR 105,300

Additional

3%

PIT applied to annual income exceeding EUR 200,000



Social Security Contributions (SSC)

34.09% total:

- **23.59%** employer-paid
- 10.50% employee-paid

Total cost of an employee to the employer = gross salary × 1.2359



Additional employment cost specifics:

Minimum salary:

€740

/ month

Non-taxable minimum:



/ month

Additional allowances for dependents apply.





Salary example:

Gross salary: €2,000 / month, 1 dependent (child)

ltem	Formula	Result (€)
Gross Salary		2000.00
Employee SSC	2,000 × 10.5%	210.00
Non-taxable minimum	fixed	510.00
Dependent Relief	fixed	250.00
Taxable Income	2,000 - 210 - 510 - 250	1,030.00
PIT	1,030 × 25.5%	262.65
Net Salary	2,000 - 210 - 262.65	1,527.35
Employer SSC	2,000 × 23.59%	471.80
Total Employer Cost	2,000 + 471.80	2,471.80



0.2%-3% per year of the cadastral value of property.

